
The Hexbeam Antenna

— Early Personal Experiences —

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What's a Hexbeam?

- A unique, multi-band, directional antenna
- Constructed from two wire elements
 - A two-part driven element
 - A single reflector element
- Multiple antennas can be stacked on a single “inverted umbrella” frame
- Fed with a single coax feed

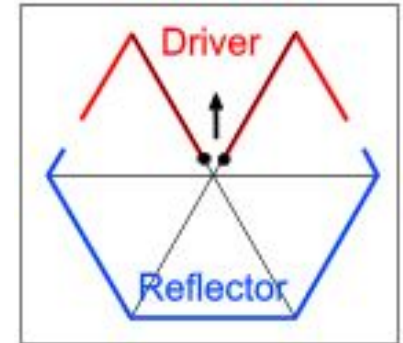
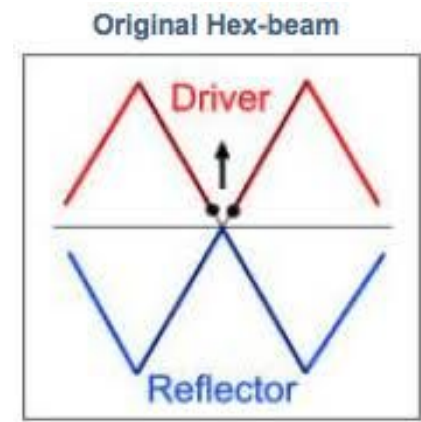


Hexbeam Features & Benefits

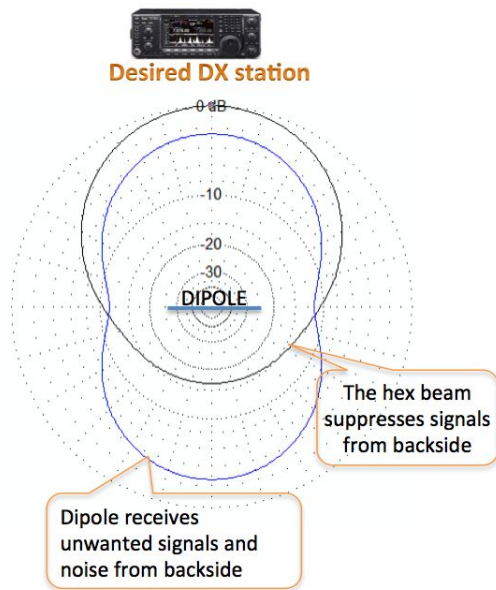
Lightweight Antennas are wire, frame is fiberglass or wood	Easy to homebrew/build Easy to raise/mount
Small, symmetrical wind profile	Smaller tower/guy requirements Smaller rotator required
Each antenna individually tunable for resonance	No tuner required Single coax, direct to transceiver
Start with one band, easily add additional bands/antennas on same frame in the future	Low-cost expandability

History: “Original” to “Broadband”

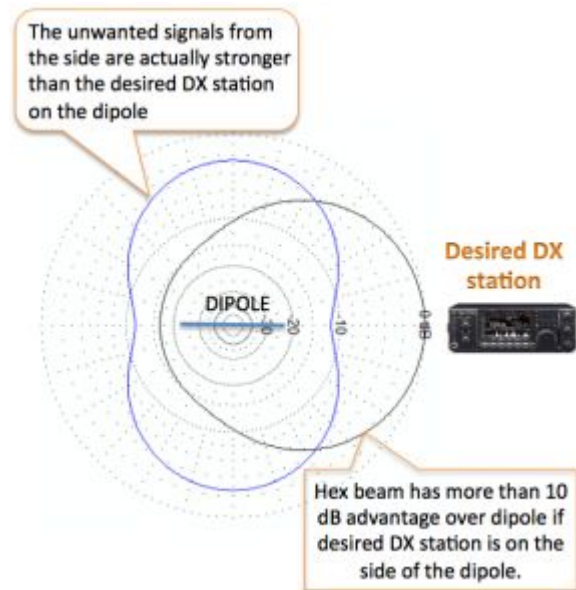
- Originally designed by Mike Traffie (N1HXA) in early 1990's
 - Original design employed two wire elements in opposing “W”
 - Worked well, but some limitations were discovered
 - Tuning is extremely sensitive to wire length and element spacing
 - Bandwidth is narrow
- Improvements by Steve Hunt (G3TXQ) in 2007 lead to currently-popular “broadband” variation
 - Reflector simplified across back of antenna
 - Reduced sensitivity to tuning
 - Significantly improves bandwidth
 - However, elements are larger, requiring larger frame
 - 22' diameter vs. 19' diameter



Hexbeam Performance vs. Dipole



- Modest gain (approx. 3 dB) over dipole, when aligned in most-favorable direction
- But big advantage (approx. 10 dB) in least-favorable direction
- In all directions, big suppression of unwanted signals (over 10 dB front-to-back ratio)



Directionality & Backside Suppression are Key Advantages

The K10 Technologies Hexbeam

- Complete kit
 - High-grade aluminum center post pre-wired for up to 6 bands (20m - 6m)
 - Aluminum base plate
 - Fiberglass poles pre-marked for antennas
 - High quality wire, ropes and hardware
 - Individual antennas' elements pre-cut and spaced for resonance
 - Detailed, clear instructions provided



Construction Details



Baseplate and center post

Driven element attachments



Top of center pole
w/spreader ropes attached

Construction Details (cont.)



Basic construction finished in less than 1.5 hours



Mast is 2.5" fiberglass pole
Rotator is inexpensive RCA TV-antenna model

Wiring it up

- RG-213 Coax feed at top of center pole
- As with any dipole/coax interface, a common-mode choke required to suppress unwanted signal reflection on coax shield
 - A simple coax coil will suffice
 - K1O offers a set of large suppression beads as an alternative/option
- Standard 4-conductor rotator cable



Early Experiences: Improved DX!

- As promised, excellent SWR performance across the entire range of all bands
- In general 4-6 db improvement in FT-8 signal/noise reports
- Noticeable directionality - just have to remember to “turn the antenna” !

SWR measurements at the transceiver

	Bottom	Middle	Top
20m	1.1	1.3	1.8
17m	1.3	1.4	1.5
15m	1.3	1.6	2
12m	1.4	1.5	1.6
10m	1.5	1.6	1.7
6m	1.5	2.7	2.5

A cost-effective way to step-up to a directional, multi-band antenna

Resources

KIO Technologies (products, technical articles, etc.)	https://www.k4kio.com/
QST review of KIO Tech. Hexbeam (August 2017)	http://www.k4kio.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/PROD-REV-FOR-KIO.pdf
“Understanding the Hexbeam” (lots of good info)	http://www.karinya.net/g3txq/hexbeam/
Hexbeam parts from Max-Gain Systems In case you want to “homebrew”	https://mgs4u.com/product/hexbeam-antenna-fiberglass-kit/